STUDENT ID NO							

# MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY

# FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 3, 2015/2016

# **TOP2121 – OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING**

( All sections / Groups )

30 MAY 2016 09:00AM – 11:00AM (2 Hours)

### INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

- 1. This question paper consists of 8 pages excluding the cover page.
- 2. Attempt FOUR out of FIVE questions. If you answered all five questions, only the first four questions will be marked.
- 3. All questions carry equal marks and the distribution of the marks for each question is given.
- 4. Please write your answers in the Answer Booklet provided.

### QUESTION 1 (10 MARKS)

- a) Compare procedural language and object-oriented language. (3 marks)
- b) Given the definition for class Student below:

```
public class Student {
   private int id;
   private String name;

public void display() {
      System.out.println("The student is " + name);
   }
}
```

- i) Create constructor for the class that initializes all its instance variables.
- ii) Create an object for class Student that supplies value to all its instance variables.
- iii) Call the display method by using object you created in (ii).

(3 marks)

There are five key relationships between classes in a UML class diagram, such as dependency, aggregation, composition, inheritance and realization. **Draw and express** the most appropriate relationship between each pair of classes and draw the connections between them using the corresponding UML symbol.

(4 marks)

```
public class A {
    public void doSomething(B b) {
    ...
}
```

```
public interface A {

public class B implements A {
    ...
}
```

```
public class B {

public class A {
   private B _b;
   public void setB (B b) { _b = b; }
   ...
}
```

#### QUESTION 2 (10 MARKS)

a) Briefly explain any TWO of the four principals of an object model.

(2 marks)

b) Write the output of the following codes.

```
(3 marks)
```

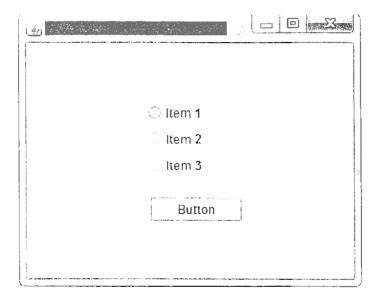
- c) Using UML notation, draw a class diagram that depicts the relationships (association, aggregation, generalization) between the classes in the following scenario.
  - In a university there are different classrooms, offices and departments. A department has a name and it contains many offices.
  - A person working at the university has a unique ID and can be a professor or an employee.
  - A professor can be a full, associate or assistant professor and he/she is enrolled in one department.
  - Offices and classrooms have a number ID, and a classroom has a number of seats.
  - Every employee works in an office.

(5 marks)

#### **QUESTION 3 (10 MARKS)**

- a) Define an interface class that contains two *int* constants, X = 5 and Y = 10 and one *int* method called *useXY* which receives no parameters. Call the interface class *XYClass*. (2 marks)
- b) List any TWO tasks that are usually done in the object-oriented analysis phase. (2 marks)

Use the following sample of Graphics User Interface (GUI) for questions c) and d):



c) Create a checkboxGroup that consists of THREE radio buttons as shown in the above GUI.

(2 marks)

- d) Write Java code for the following purposes:
  - i) Create a button as shown in the above GUI.
  - ii) Change the background color of button to red.
  - iii) When the button is clicked, the background color of button will change to blue.

(4 marks)

## QUESTION 4 (10 MARKS)

a)	Compare	procedure	model	and o	obiect	model	in so	lving a	task

(1 mark)

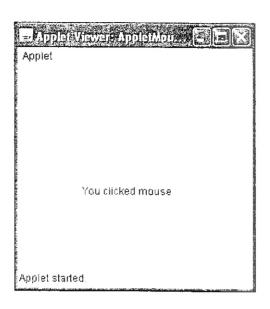
b) Tick the correct scope for each of the access modifier.

(5 marks)

Access modifier / Scope	Same class	Same package	Subclasses	Different package classes
private				
default				
protected	·			
public				

c) Given a sample Java applet that demonstrates a GUI displaying the message "You clicked mouse" when the even handler mouseClicked is activated. Override the mouseClicked and paint functions to draw an oval shape (width: 20 and height: 50) at the position of mouse clicked.

(4 marks)



```
import java.applet.Applet;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;

public class AppletMouseListener extends Applet implements
MouseListener
{
    String str="";
    public void init()
    {
        addMouseListener(this);
    }

    public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e)

        str = "You clicked mouse";
        repaint();

    public void paint(Graphics g)
        g.drawString(str, 75, 150);
}
```

#### QUESTION 5 (10 MARKS)

a) List four tasks that are usually done in the object-oriented design phase.

(4 marks)

b) Consider the UML diagram regarding the inheritance relationship between three classes: shape, rectangle and triangle. Refer to the following Java code line 7 to 9, the functions **getArea** is executed from which class? Explain.

Shape
-color
+getArea()
+toString()

Rectangle
-length
-width
-base
-height
-beight
+getArea()
+toString()
+toString()

```
1...
   public class TestShape {
2.
      public static void main(String[] args) {
3.
        Shape s1, s2;
        s1 = new Rectangle();
4.
5.
        S2 = new Shape();
6.
        Triangle s3 = new Shape );
        System.out.println("Area is " + sl.getArea());
7
8.
        System.out.println("Area is " + s2.getArea());
        System.out.println("Area is " + s3.getArea());
10
11. #
```

c) Refer to the below sample Java class.

```
class Example {
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int num1=10;
        int num2=0;
        int res=num1/num2;
        System.out.println(res);
    }
}
```

- i) If you compile this sample class, what would be the result?
- ii) Unchecked Exception will occur during execution. Why? Explain clearly.

(1 + 2 marks)

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